Introduction to Database Systems

# Database for a School Management System

Made by: Gábor Csaba Attila ( DU4POE )

Project supervisor: Halász András

# **Table of Contents**

Introduction	3
Description	3
School	3
Person	3
Teachers	3
Students	3
Parents	3
Classes	4
Subjects	4
Homeworks	4
E/R Diagram	5
Relationships and ISA-s	6
Relational model	6
SQL statements	7
DROP	7
CREATE	8
DEFAULT	8
DATA TYPES	8
NOT NULL	8
FOREIGN KEY	8
PRIMARY KEY	8
CONSTRAINT	11
INSERT	11
VIEWS	11
ALTER TABLE	12
UPDATE	12
RA and SQL queries	13
Simple queries	13
More complex queries	20
Normal forms	25
First Normal Form (1NF)	25
Second Normal Form (2NF)	25
Third Normal Form (3NF)	25

Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF)	25
Other normal forms	25
Elementary Key Normal Form (EKNF)	25
Fourth Normal Form (4NF)	25
Fifth Normal Form (5NF)	26
Sixth Normal Form (6NF)	26
Domain-Key Normal Form (DKNF)	26
Normalization	26
Triggers	30
Attachments	32
INSERT statements	32
Digital Attachments	53

# Introduction

I would like to design a database for education system. Nowadays the educational institutions have to store a lot of data. So, databases will be inescapable for all school in the near future. I would like to set an example how the schools could build their own databases. With this database, the employees could find every data easily (for example: personal data). For the teachers, it can be useful too, they could store information about the courses, or homeworks in a retrievable way.

# **Description**

I'd like to store the following data:

#### School

School stores the essential data of an institution. It could be more premises in one school. The basic data are the following: name of the school, education-ID, contact data like telephone number, email, address, webpage.

#### Person

Person stores the basic data, which have all the people. It is a superclass. It's in IS-A relation with Teachers, Students and Parents.

#### **Teachers**

It is a subclass of Person, and has the basic data from there. So teachers have these data: name, place and date of birth, Social Security Number, gender, address, email, telephone number, age, date of start to work, work-length, education-ID.

#### Students

It is a subclass of Person. I will store the following data about a student: name, place and date of birth, Social Security Number, gender, address, email, telephone number, age, education-ID, date of start to learn, study-length.

#### **Parents**

It is also a subclass of Person. It doesn't have any specific data: name, place and date of birth, Social Security Number, gender, address, email, telephone number, age, ID.

# Classes

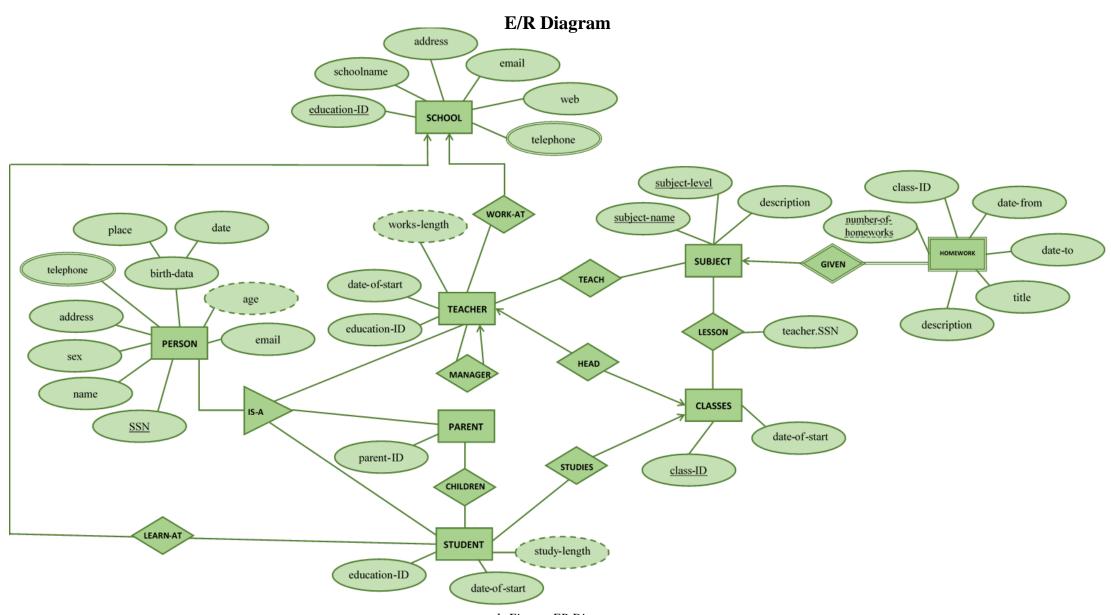
The students are divided into classes. A class have some basic data: date of start, class ID.

# **Subjects**

A subject could be taught in more level, so we need to know the level of the subject to distinguish the subjects. These data will be stored: name, level, course information.

# Homeworks

For each subject, could be given some homework. It has no identifying data, so it will be a weak entity of Subjects. The following data will be stored: class ID, number, date of publish, date of term, description.



1. Figure: ER Diagram

# Relationships and ISA-s

- teacher, student and parent *ISA* with person
- teacher has relationship with class *one-to-one*
- teacher, student have relationships with school *many-to-one*
- student has relationship with class *many-to-one*
- parent has a relationship with student *many-to-many*
- teacher has a relationship with subject *many-to-many*
- subject has a relationship with class *many-to-many*

# Relational model

SCHOOL (education\_id, schoolname, address, email, web)

SCHOOL\_TELEPHONE (school\_id, telephone)

TEACHER (<u>ssn</u>, teacher\_name, sex, address, birth\_place, birth\_date, email, education\_id, date\_of\_start, manager\_ssn, school\_id)

PARENT (<u>ssn</u>, parent\_name, sex, address, birth\_place, birth\_date, email, parent\_id)

STUDENT (<u>ssn</u>, student\_name, sex, address, birth\_place, birth\_date, email, education\_id, date\_of\_start, scool\_id, class\_id)

TELEPHONE (telephone\_number, user\_ssn)

TEACH (teacher\_id, subject\_name, subject\_level)

CLASSES (<u>class\_id</u>, date\_of\_start, head\_teacher)

SUBJECT (<u>subject\_name</u>, <u>subject\_level</u>, description)

HOMEWORK (<u>subject\_name</u>, <u>subject\_level</u>, <u>number\_of\_homeworks</u>, class\_id, date\_from, date\_to, title, description)

CHILDREN (parent\_id, child\_id)

LESSON (class\_id, subject\_name, subject\_level, teacher\_id)

# **SQL** statements

#### **DROP**

DROP TABLE homework	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE lesson	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE teach	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE children	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE student	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE classes	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE teacher	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE school_telephone	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE school	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE parents	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE telephone	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;
DROP TABLE subject	CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

2. Figure: Drop statements

With the DROP SQL statement, I can move a table or object table to the recycle bin or remove the table and all its data from the database entirely.

With CASCADE CONSTRAINTS, I can drop all referential integrity constraints that refer to primary and unique keys in the dropped table, otherwise the database returns an error and does not drop the table.<sup>1</sup>

Gábor Csaba Attila

DU4POE

\_

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306\_01/server.102/b14200/statements\_9003.htm (visited: 31. October 2016)

#### **CREATE**

With CREATE TABLE statement, I can create relational tables, which are the basic structures to hold user data.<sup>2</sup>

#### **DEFAULT**

While creating the tables I used the DEFAULT expression to specify a value to be assigned to the column if an INSERT statement omits a value for the column. The data type of the expression must match the data type specified for the column. The column must also be large enough to hold this expression.<sup>3</sup>

#### **DATA TYPES**

I used the following data types:

- VARCHAR2(n) stores variable-length character strings, n specify the maximum length in bytes (characters).
- SMALLINT stores numbers in 2 bytes.
- DATE stores year, month and day in this standard form DD-MMM-YY

#### **NOT NULL**

If it's important to store a column, I used the NOT NULL expression. It is default by the primary keys. For example, in the teacher table I store the education-ID, it isn't primary key, but each and every teacher must have an education-ID.

#### FOREIGN KEY

A foreign key in one table points to a primary key in another table.

#### PRIMARY KEY

The primary key constraint uniquely identifies each record in a database table. Primary keys must contain unique values. A primary key column cannot contain NULL values.

Gábor Csaba Attila

DU4POE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306\_01/server.102/b14200/statements\_7002.htm (visited: 31. October 2016)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> https://docs.oracle.com/database/121/SQLRF/statements 7002.htm (visited: 31. October 2016)

The CREATE TABLE statements to this database are listed below.

```
CREATE TABLE school
                                             NOT NULL,
   education_id
                      VARCHAR2(8)
   schoolname
                      VARCHAR2(100)
                                             NOT NULL,
   address
                      VARCHAR2(100)
                                             NOT NULL,
   email
                      VARCHAR2(50),
   web
                      VARCHAR2(50),
   PRIMARY KEY(education_id)
CREATE\ TABLE\ school\_telephone
                      VARCHAR2(12)
                                             NOT NULL,
   telephone
                      VARCHAR2(8)
   education_id
                                             NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY(education_id) REFERENCES school(education_id),
   PRIMARY KEY(telephone, education_id)
CREATE TABLE teacher
                      VARCHAR2(9)
                                             NOT NULL,
   ssn
                      VARCHAR2(50)
                                             NOT NULL,
   teacher_name
                      VARCHAR2(6),
  sex
                      VARCHAR2(100),
   address
   birth_place
                      VARCHAR2(50),
   birth_date
                      DATE,
   email
                      VARCHAR2(50),
                                             NOT NULL,
   education_id
                     VARCHAR2(8)
   date_of_start
                     DATE
                                             DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE,
                      VARCHAR2(8),
   manager_ssn
   school_id
                      VARCHAR2(8)
                                             NOT NULL,
   FOREIGN KEY(school_id) REFERENCES school(education_id),
   PRIMARY KEY(ssn)
CREATE TABLE classes
   class_id
                      VARCHAR2(3),
   date_of_start
                      DATE,
   head_teacher
                      VARCHAR2(9),
   FOREIGN KEY(head_teacher) REFERENCES teacher(ssn),
   PRIMARY KEY(class_id)
 );
CREATE TABLE parents
                                            NOT NULL,
                      VARCHAR2(9)
   ssn
  parent_name
                      VARCHAR2(50)
                                             NOT NULL,
                      VARCHAR2(6),
  sex
  address
                      VARCHAR2(100),
  birth_place
                      VARCHAR2(50),
   birth_date
                      DATE,
                      VARCHAR2(50),
   email
   parent_id
                      VARCHAR2(8),
   PRIMARY KEY(ssn)
 );
```

```
CREATE TABLE student
                      VARCHAR2(9)
                                             NOT NULL,
  ssn
                      VARCHAR2(50)
                                             NOT NULL,
  student_name
                      VARCHAR2(6),
  sex
  address
                     VARCHAR2(100),
  birth_place
                     VARCHAR2(50),
  birth_date
                     DATE,
  email
                     VARCHAR2(50),
  education_id
                     VARCHAR2(8),
  date_of_start
                     DATE
                                             DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE,
  school_id
                     VARCHAR2(8),
  class id
                     VARCHAR2(3),
  FOREIGN KEY(school_id) REFERENCES school(education_id),
  FOREIGN KEY(class_id) REFERENCES classes(class_id),
  PRIMARY KEY(ssn)
CREATE TABLE children
                                             NOT NULL.
  parent_id
                     VARCHAR2(9)
                     VARCHAR2(9)
                                             NOT NULL,
  child_id
  FOREIGN KEY(parent_id) REFERENCES parents(ssn),
  FOREIGN KEY(child_id) REFERENCES student(ssn),
  PRIMARY KEY(parent_id, child_id)
CREATE TABLE telephone
  telephone_number
                      VARCHAR2(12)
                                             NOT NULL,
                                             NOT NULL,
                      VARCHAR2(9)
  user_ssn
  PRIMARY KEY(telephone_number, user_ssn)
CREATE TABLE subject
  subject_name
                     VARCHAR2(50)
                                             NOT NULL,
                     SMALLINT
                                             NOT NULL,
  subject_level
                     VARCHAR2(1000),
  description
  PRIMARY KEY(subject_name, subject_level)
);
CREATE TABLE teach
  teacher_id
                     VARCHAR2(9)
                                             NOT NULL,
  subject_name
                     VARCHAR2(50)
                                             NOT NULL,
  subject_level
                     SMALLINT
                                             NOT NULL,
  FOREIGN KEY(teacher_id) REFERENCES teacher(ssn),
  PRIMARY KEY(teacher_id, subject_name, subject_level)
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE lesson
                                             NOT NULL,
  class_id
                     VARCHAR2(3)
                   VARCHAR2(50)
  subject_name
                                             NOT NULL,
                     SMALLINT
                                             NOT NULL,
  subject_level
  teacher id
                      VARCHAR2(9)
                                             NOT NULL,
  FOREIGN KEY(class_id) REFERENCES classes(class_id),
  PRIMARY KEY(class_id, subject_name, subject_level)
CREATE TABLE homework
  subject name
                            VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
                           SMALLINT NOT NULL,
SMALLINT NOT NULL,
  subject_level
  number_of_homeworks
                            VARCHAR2(3),
  class_id
                           DATE DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE,
DATE DEFAULT CURRENT_DATE + 1,
  date_from
                           DATE
  date_to
                           VARCHAR2(50) NOT NULL,
  title
  description
                            VARCHAR2(1000),
  FOREIGN KEY(class_id) REFERENCES classes(class_id),
  PRIMARY KEY(subject_name, subject_level, number_of_homeworks)
);
```

3. Figure: Create table statements

#### **CONSTRAINT**

While creating the tables I used SQL constraints to specify rules for the data in tables.

The constraints, what I used:

- NUT NULL
- DEFAULT
- FOREIGN KEY
- PRIMARY KEY what is NOT NULL and UNIQUE

#### **INSERT**

The list of insert statements is at the attachments, on the 32. page.

#### **VIEWS**

A view is a virtual table based on the result-set of an SQL statement. I created a view for a class to demonstrate, how we can use it.

```
CREATE VIEW email_of_class AS

SELECT student_name, address, email

FROM student

WHERE student.class_id = '8/B';
```

4. Figure: Create view statement

#### **ALTER TABLE**

This statement is used to add, delete, or modify columns in an existing table.

```
ALTER TABLE classes

ADD head_teacher_name VARCHAR2(50) DEFAULT 'Karlne Purczeld Erika';

ALTER TABLE classes

MODIFY date_of_start DATE;
```

5. Figure: Alter table statements

# **UPDATE**

With the update statement, we can update existing records in a table.

```
UPDATE classes

SET head_teacher_name = 'Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet'

WHERE class_id IN (SELECT class_id

FROM classes, teacher

WHERE classes.head_teacher = teacher.ssn

AND teacher.teacher_name = 'Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet');

UPDATE classes

SET head_teacher_name = 'Eordogh Krisztina'

WHERE class_id IN (SELECT class_id

FROM classes, teacher

WHERE classes.head_teacher = teacher.ssn

AND teacher.teacher_name = 'Eordogh Krisztina');
```

6. Figure: Update statements

# RA and SQL queries

Simple queries

Find all students and give their names, whose head teacher is Eordogh Krisztina! *Add meg az összes hallgató nevét, akinek az osztályfőnöke Eördögh Krisztina!* 

$$\pi_{\textit{student\_name}}\bigg(\textit{student} \bowtie \pi_{\textit{class\_id}}\bigg(\textit{classes} \bowtie \pi_{\textit{ssn}}\bigg(\sigma_{\textit{teacher\_name} = \textit{"Eordogh Krisztina"}}(\textit{teacher})\bigg)\bigg)\bigg)$$

**SELECT** student\_name

FROM student, classes, teacher

**WHERE** teacher.teacher name = 'Eordogh Krisztina'

**AND** teacher.ssn = classes.head\_teacher

**AND** classes.class\_id = student.class\_id;

7. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Find all teachers, who teach History in the level 8!

Keresd meg az összes tanárt, aki történelmet tanít a 8. évfolyamon!

$$\pi_{teacher\_name}\Big(teacher\bowtie\pi_{ssn}\Big(\sigma_{subject\_name="History" and level=8}(teach)\Big)\Big)$$

**SELECT** teacher\_name

FROM teacher, teach

**WHERE** teach.subject\_name = 'History'

**AND** teach.level = 8

**AND** teach.teacher\_id = teacher.ssn;



8. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Find teachers, who can retire in 10 years (We supposed, that the retirement age is 65)! Sort they decreasing order.

Keresd meg azokat a tanárokat, akik 10 éven belül nyugdíjba mehetnek (Tegyük fel, hogy 65 évesen mehetnek nyugdíjba)! Rendezd őket életkoruk alapján csökkenő sorrendbe.

$$\pi_{teacher\_name, age}(\sigma_{65\text{-}age<10}(teacher))$$

**SELECT** teacher\_name, CAST( (TO\_DATE(CURRENT\_DATE,'YYYY-MM-DD') – TO\_DATE(birth\_date,'YYYY-MM-DD') ) / 365 AS INT) as age

FROM teacher

WHERE 65 - CAST( (TO\_DATE(CURRENT\_DATE,'YYYY-MM-DD') - TO\_DATE(birth\_date,'YYYY-MM-DD')) / 365 AS INT) < 10

ORDER BY age desc;



9. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Find the full names and telephone numbers of all students, whose first name is Viktoria!

Keresd meg azoknak a tanulóknak a teljes nevét és telefonszámát, akiket Viktóriának hívnak!

$$\pi_{student\_name, telephone\_number} (telephone \bowtie \sigma_{student\_name LIKE "Viktoria"} (student))$$

**SELECT** student\_name, telephone\_number

FROM student, telephone

**WHERE** student.ssn = telephone.user\_ssn

AND student.student name LIKE '%Viktoria%';

STUDENT_NAME	TELEPHONE_NU
Fiedler Viktoria	+36305827723
Gerstenbrein Viktoria	+36706579864

10. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Find the manager of Kopjar Mate!

Add meg Kopjár Máté felettesét!

$$\pi_{manager.\ teacher\_name} \Big( 
ho_{manager}(teacher) imes \sigma_{teacher\_name="Kopjar\ Mate"}(teacher) \Big)$$

**SELECT** manager.teacher\_name

FROM teacher, teacher AS manager

**WHERE** teacher.teacher name = 'Kopjar Mate'

**AND** teacher.manager\_ssn = manager.ssn;

11. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the number of teachers in every school!

Add meg a tanárok számát tagozatonként / iskolánként!

$$school\_idg_{count(ssn)}(teacher)$$

**SELECT** school\_id, COUNT(ssn) as number\_of\_teachers

**FROM** teachers

GROUP BY school\_id

**ORDER BY** number\_of\_teachers desc;

SCHOOL_I	NUMBER_OF_TEACHERS
032466/0	5
032466/1	3
032466/2	2

12. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the number of students in each class from the school with 032466/0 education ID, where are at least 3 students! Put them in descending order.

Add meg azon osztályok létszámát a 032466/0 OM kódú iskolából, amelyikben legalább három tanuló van! Tedd az eredményt csökkenő sorrendbe.

$$_{class\_id}g_{count(ssn)}\Big(\sigma_{school\_id="032466/0"}(student)\Big)$$

**SELECT** class\_id, COUNT(\*) as number\_of\_students

**FROM** student

**WHERE** school\_id = '032466/0'

**GROUP BY** class\_id

**HAVING** COUNT(\*) >= 3

**ORDER BY** number\_of\_students desc;



13. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Find the names of the students and teachers, who doesn't live in Dunaharaszti!

Add meg azoknak a tanulóknak és tanároknak a nevét, akik nem Dunaharasztin élnek!

 $\pi_{\textit{student\_name}}\big(\sigma_{\textit{address NOT LIKE "Dunaharaszti"}}(\textit{student})\big) \cup \pi_{\textit{teacher\_name}}\big(\sigma_{\textit{address NOT LIKE "Dunaharaszti"}}(\textit{teacher})\big)$ 

**SELECT** student\_name names

FROM student

WHERE address NOT LIKE '%Dunaharaszti%'

**UNION** 

**SELECT** teacher\_name

FROM teacher

WHERE address NOT LIKE '%Dunaharaszti%';

```
NAMES
-----Bagdi Edina
Balazs Ferenc
Fiedler Viktoria
Hagelmann Levente
Kopjar Mate
Vighne Bacso Monika
```

14. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the name of the subjects in level 1, what Drahosne Akocsi Ancilla doesn't teach in level 1!

Add meg azoknak az elsős tantárgyaknak a nevét, melyeket nem tanít az első évfolyamon Drahosné Akócsi Ancilla!

$$\pi_{subject\_name} \Big( \sigma_{subject\_level=1}(subject) \Big) - \pi_{subject\_name} \Big( \sigma_{teacher_{name} = "Drahosne\ Akocsi\ Ancilla"}(teacher) \bowtie \sigma_{subject\_level=1}(teach) \Big)$$

**SELECT** subject\_name

**FROM** subject

**WHERE** subject\_level = 1

AND subject\_name NOT IN (SELECT subject\_name

FROM teacher, teach

**WHERE** teacher.ssn = teach.teacher\_id

**AND** subject\_level = 1

**AND** teacher name = 'Drahosne

Akocsi Ancilla');



15. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Find the director of Hunyadi Janos Ground School! Give the name and telephone number of the director.

Add meg a Hunyadi János Általános Iskola igazgatóját, jelenítsd meg a nevét, és telefonszámát.

$$\pi_{teacher\_name, telephone\_number} \Big( telephone \bowtie \sigma_{mgr.ssn=teacher.manager\_ssn} \Big( teacher \times \rho_{mgr}(teacher) \Big) \Big)$$

**SELECT** teacher\_teacher\_name, telephone\_number

FROM teacher, telephone

WHERE teacher.ssn IN (SELECT mgr.manager\_ssn

FROM teacher, teacher mgr

**WHERE** mgr.ssn = teacher.manager\_ssn)

**AND** telephone.user\_ssn = teacher.ssn;

TEACHER_NAME	TELEPHONE_NU
Karlne Purczeld Erika	+36303201087
Karlne Purczeld Erika	+36305054252

16. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

More complex queries

Find the name of the teacher, who gave the homework to class 8/B, what they should hand in last!

Add meg annak a tanárnak a nevét, aki a 8/B osztálynak a legkésőbb beadandó házi feladatát adta!

$$\pi_{teacher\_name}\Big(teacher \bowtie lesson \bowtie_{date\_to} g_{max(date\_to)}\Big(\sigma_{class\_id="8/B"}(homework)\Big)\Big)$$

**SELECT** teacher\_name

**FROM** homework, lesson, teacher

**WHERE** homework.class\_id = lesson.class\_id

**AND** homework.subject\_name = lesson.subject\_name

**AND** homework.subject\_level = lesson.subject\_level

**AND** teacher.ssn = lesson.teacher\_id

**AND** date\_to = **SOME** (**SELECT** MAX(HW.date\_to)

FROM homework HW

WHERE HW.class id =  $\frac{8}{B}$ ;

17. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the name of the teachers, who teach every subject in level 1.

Add meg az összes olyan tanár nevét, aki minden tantárgyat tanít az első évfolyamon.

$$\pi_{teacher\_name}\bigg(teacher\bowtie\bigg(\pi_{teacher\_id,\,subject\_name}\bigg(\sigma_{subject\_level=1}(teach)\bigg) \div \pi_{subject\_name}\bigg(\sigma_{subject\_level=1}(subject)\bigg)\bigg)\bigg)\bigg)$$

**SELECT** teacher\_name

**FROM** teach, teacher

**WHERE** subject\_level = 1

**AND** teacher.ssn = teach.teacher\_id

AND subject\_name IN

(SELECT subject\_name

**FROM** subject

**WHERE** subject\_level = 1)

**GROUP BY** teacher\_name

**HAVING** COUNT(\*) = (**SELECT** COUNT(\*)

**FROM** subject

**WHERE** subject\_level = 1 );

TEACHER\_NAME ------Kaltenecker Antalne

18. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the telephone numbers of parents in the class of Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet!

Add meg a Gáborné Szilágyi Erzsébet osztályába járó gyerekek szüleinek a telefonszámát!

$$\pi_{telephone\_number} \left( telephone \bowtie \pi_{parent\_id} \left( children \bowtie \pi_{ssn} \left( student \bowtie \pi_{class\_id} \left( classes \bowtie \pi_{ssn} \left( \sigma_{teacher\_name="Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet"}(teacher) \right) \right) \right) \right)$$

**SELECT** telephone\_number

**FROM** telephone

WHERE user\_ssn IN (SELECT children.parent\_id

FROM children, teacher, classes, student

**WHERE** teacher.teacher\_name = 'Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet'

**AND** teacher.ssn = classes.head\_teacher

**AND** student.class\_id = class.class\_id

**AND** children.child\_id = student.ssn);



19. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the names of all teachers, who gave exactly 3 homework in 1 subject!

Add meg azoknak a tanároknak a nevét, akik egy tantárgyból pontosan három házi feladatot adtak fel!

 $\pi_{\textit{teacher\_name}}\Big(\textit{teacher}\bowtie \textit{lesson}\bowtie \pi_{\textit{subject\_name}, \textit{subject\_level}}\Big(\quad \textit{subject\_name}, \textit{subject\_level}\textit{g}_{\textit{count}(*)}(\textit{homework})\Big)\Big)$ 

**SELECT** teacher\_name

FROM teacher, lesson

**WHERE** teacher.ssn = lesson.teacher\_id

AND lesson.subject\_name IN (SELECT homework.subject\_name

**WHERE** lesson.class\_id = homework.class\_id

**FROM** homework

**GROUP BY** subject\_name, subject\_level

**HAVING** COUNT(\*) = 3)

AND lesson.subject\_level IN (SELECT homework.subject\_level

**FROM** homework

**WHERE** lesson.class\_id = homework.class\_id

**GROUP BY** subject\_name, subject\_level

**HAVING** COUNT(\*) = 3);

TEACHER\_NAME ------Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet Kaltenecker Antalne

20. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

Give the names of teachers, who teach what Karlne Pruczeld Erika!

Add meg azoknak a tanároknak a nevét, akik tanítják azokat a tárgyakat, melyet Karlné Purczeld Erika tanít!

$$teach \div \pi_{subject\_name} \left( teach \bowtie \pi_{ssn} \left( \sigma_{teacher\_name = "Karlne\ Purczeld\ Erika"}(teacher) \right) \right)$$

**SELECT** teacher\_name

FROM teach, teacher

**WHERE** teacher.ssn = teach.teacher\_id

AND teacher name != 'Karlne Purczeld Erika'

**AND** subject\_name **IN** (**SELECT** subject\_name

FROM teach, teacher

**WHERE** teacher.ssn = teach.teacher\_id

**AND** teacher.teacher name = 'Karlne

Purczeld Erika')

**GROUP BY** teacher\_name

**HAVING** COUNT(\*) = (**SELECT** COUNT(\*)

**FROM** teach, teacher

**WHERE** teacher.ssn = teach.teacher\_id

**AND** teacher\_teacher\_name = 'Karlne Purczeld

Erika');

21. Figure: Result of the SQL statement above

# **Normal forms**

The database should be normalized to avoid anomalies. Below I summarize the main normal forms. I will check my tables and decide in which normal form they are.

# First Normal Form (1NF)<sup>4</sup>

In First Normal Form, any row must not have a column in which more than one value is saved, like separated with commas. Rather than that, we must separate such data into multiple rows.

# Second Normal Form (2NF)

A database is in 2NF if it is in First Normal Form and all non-key attributes are fully functional dependent on any candidate key.

## Third Normal Form (3NF)

A database is in Third Normal Form if it is in 2NF and there is no transitive functional dependency.

# Boyce-Codd Normal Form (BCNF)<sup>5</sup>

A database is in Boyce-Codd Normal Form if it is in 3NF and attributes depend only on any super key.

BCNF is one of the most important normal form, because there is always a lossless decomposition in BCNF.

### Other normal forms

A list about other normal forms, which are not discussed in this project.

# Elementary Key Normal Form (EKNF)

EKNF tables are also in Third Normal Form. This happens when there is more than one unique composite key and they overlap. Such cases can cause redundant information in the overlapping column(s).

## Fourth Normal Form (4NF)

4NF is the next level of normalization after Boyce-Codd Normal Form. Whereas the Second, Third, and Boyce-Codd Normal Forms are concerned with functional

Gábor Csaba Attila 25

DU4POE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/issue-archive/2011/11-sep/o51sql-453459.html (visited: 10. December 2016)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> https://www.ischool.utexas.edu/~wyllys/DMPAMaterials/normstep.html (visited: 10. December 2016)

dependencies, 4NF is concerned with a more general type of dependency known as a multivalued dependency.

# Fifth Normal Form (5NF)

A table is in the 5NF if and only if every non-trivial join dependency in it is implied by the candidate keys.

# Sixth Normal Form (6NF)

A table is in Sixth Normal Form if and only if it satisfies no nontrivial join dependencies at all - where, as before, a join dependency is trivial if and only if at least one of the projections involved is taken over the set of all attributes of the table concerned.

# Domain-Key Normal Form (DKNF)

The domain/key normal form is achieved when every constraint on the relation is a logical consequence of the definition of keys and domains, and enforcing key and domain restraints and conditions causes all constraints to be met.

The Third Normal Form, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Fourth Normal Form and Fifth Normal Form are special cases of the domain/key normal form.

# Normalization

I will check the normal forms of all the tables. First, I write down the Functional Dependencies on the given table. After it, I can define in what normal form is the table. If it is necessary, I will decompose the table to reach the BCNF normal form.

#### SCHOOL (education id, schoolname, address, email, web)

 $F_{SCHOOL} = \{education\_id \rightarrow schoolname, education\_id \rightarrow address, education\_id \rightarrow email, education\_id \rightarrow web\}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# SCHOOL\_TELEPHONE (school\_id, telephone)

 $F_{SCHOOL\_TELEPHONE} = \{school\_id \rightarrow telephone\}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

TEACHER (<u>ssn</u>, teacher\_name, sex, address, birth\_place, birth\_date, email, education\_id, date\_of\_start, manager\_ssn, school\_id)

 $F_{TEACHER} = \{ssn \rightarrow teacher\_name, ssn \rightarrow sex, ssn \rightarrow address, ssn \rightarrow birth\_place, ssn \rightarrow birth\_date, ssn \rightarrow email, ssn \rightarrow education\_id, ssn \rightarrow date\_of\_start, ssn \rightarrow manager\_ssn, ssn \rightarrow school\_id, education\_id \rightarrow ssn, education\_id \rightarrow teacher\_name, education\_id \rightarrow sex, education\_id \rightarrow address, education\_id \rightarrow birth\_place, education\_id \rightarrow birth\_date, education\_id \rightarrow email, education\_id \rightarrow date\_of\_start, education\_id \rightarrow manager\_ssn, education\_id \rightarrow school\_id\}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

PARENT (ssn, parent\_name, sex, address, birth\_place, birth\_date, email, id)

 $F_{PARENT} = \{ssn \rightarrow parent\_name, ssn \rightarrow sex, ssn \rightarrow birth\_place, ssn \rightarrow birth\_date, ssn \rightarrow email, ssn \rightarrow id, id \rightarrow ssn, id \rightarrow parent\_name, id \rightarrow sex, id \rightarrow address, id \rightarrow birth\_place, id \rightarrow email\}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

STUDENT (<u>ssn</u>, student\_name, sex, address, birth\_place, birth\_date, email, education\_id, date\_of\_start, school\_id, class\_id)

$$\begin{split} F_{STUDENT} &= \{ssn \rightarrow parent\_name, \ ssn \rightarrow sex, \ ssn \rightarrow address, \ ssn \rightarrow birth\_place, \\ ssn \rightarrow birth\_date, \ ssn \rightarrow email, \ ssn \rightarrow education\_id, \ ssn \rightarrow date\_of\_start, \ ssn \rightarrow school\_id, \\ ssn \rightarrow class\_id, \ education\_id \rightarrow ssn, \ education\_id \rightarrow name, \ education\_id \rightarrow sex, \\ education\_id \rightarrow address, \ education\_id \rightarrow birth\_place, \ education\_id \rightarrow birth\_date, \\ education\_id \rightarrow email, \ education\_id \rightarrow date\_of\_start, \ education\_id \rightarrow school\_id, \\ education\_id \rightarrow class\_id \} \end{split}$$

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# TELEPHONE (telephone-number, user\_ssn)

 $F_{TELEPHONE} = \emptyset$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# TEACH (teacher\_id, subject\_name, subject\_level)

 $F_{TEACH} = \emptyset$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# CLASS (class\_id, date\_of\_start, head\_teacher)

 $F_{CLASS} = \{class\_id \rightarrow date\_of\_start, \ class\_id \rightarrow head\_teacher, \ head\_teacher \rightarrow class\_id, \\ head\_teacher \rightarrow date\_of\_start\}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# SUBJECT (<u>subject\_name</u>, <u>subject\_level</u>, description)

 $F_{SUBJECT} = \{subject\_name \& subject\_level \rightarrow description\}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

HOMEWORK (<u>subject\_name</u>, <u>subject\_level</u>, <u>number\_of\_homeworks</u>, class\_id, date\_from, date\_to, title, description)

F<sub>HOMEWORK</sub> = {subject\_name & subject\_level & number\_of\_homeworks → class\_id, subject\_name subject\_level & number of homeworks & date from, subject\_name subject\_level & number of homeworks & date to, subject name & subject level & number of homeworks title, subject\_name & subject\_level & number\_of\_homeworks → description}

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# CHILDREN (parent\_id, child\_id)

 $F_{CHILDREN} = \emptyset$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

# LESSON (<u>class\_id</u>, <u>subject\_name</u>, <u>subject\_level</u>, teacher\_id)

 $F_{LESSON} = \{class id \& subject name \& subject level \rightarrow teacher id \}$ 

Normal Forms	Fulfilled
1NF	YES
2NF	YES
3NF	YES
BCNF	YES

All tables, so the database is in Boyce-Codd Normal Form.

# **Triggers**

The triggers are special proceedings in a database. A trigger can include SQL an PL/SQL (Procedural Language / Standard Query Language) statements. This procedural code is automatically executed after /before instead of insert, update, delete.<sup>6</sup>

The trigger can allow or reject the changes on a table, logging, or can make other changes on the table, too.

In my sample database, I created a logging trigger. It means that, when I insert a row in the given table, update, or delete a row, the trigger will add a new row into my special logging table with some information about the action. You can see the code of the trigger below.

First, I created the logging table.

```
DROP TABLE classes_log CASCADE CONSTRAINTS;

CREATE TABLE classes_log

(

log_timestamp TIMESTAMP,

action VARCHAR2(20),

class_id VARCHAR2(3),

FOREIGN KEY(class_id) REFERENCES classes(class_id),

PRIMARY KEY(log_timestamp)

);
```

22. Figure: Create table statement of the logging statement

Gábor Csaba Attila

DU4POE

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> https://docs.oracle.com/cd/A57673\_01/DOC/server/doc/SCN73/ch15.htm (visited: 10. December 2016)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER log_classes_events
      AFTER
             INSERT OR
             UPDATE OR
             DELETE
      ON classes
      FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
  CASE
             WHEN INSERTING THEN
                   INSERT INTO classes_log VALUES
                        systimestamp,
                        'INSERT',
                        :NEW.class_id
             WHEN UPDATING THEN
                   INSERT INTO classes_log VALUES
                        systimestamp,
                        'UPDATE',
                       :NEW.class_id
                  );
             WHEN DELETING THEN
                   INSERT INTO classes_log VALUES
                        systimestamp,
                        'DELETE',
                        :OLD.class\_id
      END CASE;
END;
```

23. Figure: The code of my logging trigger

# **Attachments**

# **INSERT** statements

```
INSERT INTO school VALUES
 ( '032466/0',
   'Hunyadi Janos Ground School Upper Classes',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Foldvari utca 15.',
   'hunyadidh@pr.hu',
   'http://hunyadidh.hu');
INSERT INTO school VALUES
 ('032466/1',
   'Hunyadi Janos Ground School Lower Classes',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Fo ut 69.',
   'hunyadidh@pr.hu',
   'http://hunyadidh.hu');
INSERT INTO school VALUES
 ('032466/2',
   'Hunyadi Janos Ground School Member Institution',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Fo ut 268.',
   'hunyadidh@pr.hu',
   'http://hunyadidh.hu');
INSERT INTO school VALUES
 ('032467/0',
   'II. Rakoczi Ferenc Ground School',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Rakoczi ut 28.',
   'frakoczi@pr.hu',
   'http://frakoczi.hu');
INSERT INTO school VALUES
 ( '032468/0',
   'Korosi Csoma Sandor Ground School',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Eotvos utca 52.',
   'hunyadidh@pr.hu',
   'http://csomaiskola.hu');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175019',
   'Karlne Purczeld Erika',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Foldvari utca 17',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1975-12-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'karerika@gmail.com',
   '74555773959',
   TO_DATE('1992-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   NULL,
   '032466/0');
```

```
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175020',
   'Vighne Bacso Monika',
   'female',
   '2338 Aporka, Dunasor utca 17',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1975-10-09', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'vighma@indamail.hu',
   '74555773960',
   TO_DATE('1994-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175019',
   '032466/0');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175021',
   'Gaborne Szilagyi Erzsebet',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Bartal Antal utca 2/C',
   'Gyula',
   TO_DATE('1960-12-29', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'gaborneszilagyi@gmail.com',
   '74555773961',
   TO_DATE('1989-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '25917020',
   '032466/0');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175022',
   'Kovacsne Mester Agnes',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Kazinczy Ferenc utca 15',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1970-09-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'amester@pr.hu',
   '74555773962',
   TO_DATE('2000-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259170521',
   '032466/0');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175023',
   'Balazs Ferenc',
   'male',
   '1215 Budapest, Bajcsy-Zsilinszky ut 40',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1986-06-14','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'balazsferenc@gmail.com',
   '74555773963',
   TO_DATE('2016-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259170521',
   '032466/0');
```

```
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175024',
   'K altenecker\ Antalne',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Semmelweis utca 5',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1955-04-17', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'kalteneckerkati@gmail.com',
   '74555773964',
   TO_DATE('1994-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175019',
   '032466/1');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175025',
   'Bagdi Edina',
   'female',
   '2310 Szigetszentmiklos, Szent Miklos utja 3',
   'Gyula',
   TO_DATE('1984-07-26','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'bagdie@gmail.com',
   '74555773965',
   TO_DATE('2007-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175024',
   '032466/1');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175026',
   'Kopjar Mate',
   'male',
   '2310 Szigetszentmiklos, Szent Miklos utja 3',
   'Gyula',
   TO_DATE('1984-07-26','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'kopjarmate@gmail.com',
   '74555773965',
   TO_DATE('2007-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175024',
   '032466/1');
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175027',
   'Drahosne Akocsi Ancilla',
   'female',
   '2330, Dunaharaszti, Kolcsey utca 22',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1965-03-04','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'akocsiancilla@pr.hu',
   '74555773966',
   TO_DATE('1997-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175019',
   '032466/2');
```

```
INSERT INTO teacher VALUES
 ('259175028',
   'Eordogh Krisztina',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Szent Laszlo utca 55',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1974-02-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'ecilike@gmail.com',
   '74555773967',
   TO_DATE('2007-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175027',
   '032466/2');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+3624531020',
   '032466/0');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+36704912411',
   '032466/0');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+3624531031',
   '032466/1');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+36704912412',
   '032466/1');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+3624531040',
   '032466/2');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+36704912413',
   '032466/2');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+3624370253',
   '032467/0');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+36306765205',
   '032467/0');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+3624260374',
   '032468/0');
INSERT INTO school_telephone VALUES
 ('+3624260044',
   '032468/0');
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374911',
   'Becsakna Nagy Agnes',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Szent Laszlo utca 30',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1976-08-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'nagnes08@gmail.com',
   '404127KA'
```

```
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374912',
   'Becsak Tamas',
   'male',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Szent Laszlo utca 30',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1975-09-17','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'btamas@gmail.com',
   '404137KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374913',
   'Benedek Almos',
   'male',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Csengeri utca 2',
   'Budapest',
  TO_DATE('1978-11-04','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'almosbenedek@invitel.hu',
   '404147KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374914',
   'Benedekne Szavu Iren',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Csengeri utca 2',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1977-01-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'irenbenedek@invitel.hu',
   '404157KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374915',
   'Fiedler Gyula',
   'male',
   '2315 Szigethalom, Fiumei ut 2',
   'Budapest',
  TO_DATE('1968-07-19','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'fiedlergyula@gmail.com',
   '404167KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374916',
   'Fiedlerne Szakacs Rita',
   'female',
   '2315 Szigethalom, Fiumei ut 2',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1971-06-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'zitafiedler@gmail.com',
   '404177KA'
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374917',
   'Gerstenbrein Jozsef',
   'male',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Danko Pista utca 15',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1970-11-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'gerstjozsef@freemail.hu',
   '404187KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374918',
   'Meiszter Margit',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Fo ut 120',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1971-12-06','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'margitka71@freemail.hu',
   '404197KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374919',
   'Hagelmann Zsolt',
   'male',
   '2336 Dunavarsany, Arnyas utca 33',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1971-04-04','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'hagi71@freemail.hu',
   '404207KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374920',
   'Marsal Mariann',
   'female',
   '2336 Dunavarsany, Arnyas utca 33',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1972-12-29','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'marsalmariann@freemail.hu',
   '404217KA'
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374921',
   'Katona Tamas',
   'male',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Moricz Zsigmond utca 5',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1970-03-24','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'harison34@gmail.com',
   '404227KA'
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO parents VALUES
   '670374922',
   'Katona-Wolf Szilvia',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Moricz Zsigmond utca 5',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('1974-10-05','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'wolfszilvi@gmail.com',
   '404237KA'
INSERT INTO classes (class_id, date_of_start, head_teacher) VAlUES
   TO_DATE('2009-09-01','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175021'
INSERT INTO classes (class_id, date_of_start, head_teacher) VALUES
  '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-01', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   '259175028'
INSERT INTO student VALUES
   '427710021',
   'Becsak Daniel',
   'male',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Szent Laszlo utca 30',
   'Budapest',
  TO_DATE('2002-08-14','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'dani.becsak@gmail.com',
   '72169405748',
   '2009-09-01',
   '032466/0',
   '8/B'
 );
INSERT INTO student VALUES
   '427710022',
   'Benedek Jennifer',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Csengeri utca 2',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('2003-03-30','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'jeni.benedek@gmail.com',
   '72169405749',
   '2009-09-01',
   '032466/0',
   '8/B'
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO student VALUES
   '427710023',
   'Fiedler Viktoria',
   'female',
   '2315 Szigethalom, Fiumei ut 2',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('2002-08-22','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'fiedler.viki@gmail.com',
   '72169405750',
   '2009-09-01',
   '032466/0',
   '8/B'
INSERT INTO student VALUES
   '427710024',
   'Gerstenbrein Viktoria',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Danko Pista utca 15',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('2003-03-24','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'gerstenbrein.viki@gmail.com',
   '72169405751',
   '2009-09-01',
   '032466/1',
   '1/A'
INSERT INTO student VALUES
   '427710025',
   'Hagelmann Levente',
   'male',
   '2336 Dunavarsany, Arnyas utca 33',
   'Budapest',
   TO DATE('2003-02-13', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'hagelmann.levente@gmail.com',
   '72169405752',
   '2009-09-01',
   '032466/1',
   '1/A'
INSERT INTO student VALUES
   '427710026',
   'Katona Bernadett',
   'female',
   '2330 Dunaharaszti, Moricz Zsigmond utca 5',
   'Budapest',
   TO_DATE('2002-03-16','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'katona.berni@gmail.com',
   '72169405753',
   '2009-09-01',
   '032466/1',
   '1/A'
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO children VALUES
   '670374911',
   '427710021'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
   '670374912',
   '427710021'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374913',
  '427710022'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374914',
   '427710022'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374915',
   '427710023'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
   '670374916',
   '427710023'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374917',
   '427710024'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374918',
   '427710024'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
   '670374919',
   '427710025'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
   '670374920',
   '427710025'
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374921',
   '427710026'
```

```
INSERT INTO children VALUES
  '670374922',
  '427710026'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36305774441',
  '427710021'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36309237919',
  '427710022'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36305827723',
  '427710023'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36706579864',
   '427710024'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36204445198',
  '427710025'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36306063636',
   '427710026'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36303201087',
   '259175019'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36305054252',
   '259175019'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36705773644',
  '259175020'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36203932926',
  '259175021'
```

```
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36204545797',
   '259175022'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36706277704',
   '259175023'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36209928686',
  '259175024'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36307371171',
  '259175025'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36705696414',
   '259175026'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+3637117767',
   '259175027'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36202574242',
  '259175028'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36703682297',
  '670374911'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36302252210',
  '670374912'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36204264073',
  '670374913'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36303189003',
  '670374914'
```

```
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36202095353',
  '670374915'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36305299880',
  '670374916'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36209272282',
  '670374917'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36304493132',
  '670374918'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36303648484',
   '670374919'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36705644250',
  '670374920'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36703912025',
  '670374921'
INSERT INTO telephone VALUES
  '+36703912025',
  '670374922'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
  'Grammar',
  'magyar nyelvtan 8. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
  'German',
  'német nyelv 8. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
  'Mathematic',
   'matematika 8. osztályosok részére'
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
   'History',
   'történelem 8. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
   'Geography',
   'földrajz 8. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
   'Geography',
   'környezetismeret 1. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
   'Reading',
   'olvasás tanítása 1. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
   'Sport',
   'testnevelés 1. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO subject VALUES
   'German',
   'német nyelv 1. osztályosok részére'
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175019',
   'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175019',
   'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175020',
   'Grammar',
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175021',
  'Grammar',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175021',
  'History',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175022',
  'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175022',
  'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175022',
  'Grammar',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175023',
  'Geography',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175023',
  'Geography',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175023',
  'Mathematic',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175023',
  'History',
  8
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175024',
  'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175024',
   'Sport',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175024',
  'Reading',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175024',
   'Geography',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175025',
   'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175025',
   'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175025',
   'Sport',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175025',
   'Reading',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
  '259175026',
  'German',
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175026',
   'Geography',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175027',
   'Reading',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175027',
   'Geography',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175028',
   'Reading',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175028',
   'German',
INSERT INTO teach VALUES
   '259175028',
   'Sport',
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
   '8/B',
   'Grammar',
   '259175021'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
   '8/B',
   'History',
   '259175021'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
   '8/B',
   'German',
   '259175022'
```

```
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
   '8/B',
   'Geography',
   '259175023'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
   '8/B',
   'Mathematic',
   '259175023'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
  '1/A',
  'Reading',
   '259175024'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
  '1/A',
   'Geography',
   '259175026'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
  '1/A',
   'Sport',
  '259175025'
INSERT INTO lesson VALUES
   '1/A',
   'Mathematic',
   '259175024'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Grammar',
  8,
   1,
   '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-15','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-22','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Ismétlés',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_magyar_1.pdf'
```

```
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Grammar',
   8,
   2,
   '8/B',
   TO_DATE('2016-09-22', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   TO_DATE('2016-09-29', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_magyar_2.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Grammar',
  8,
   '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-29', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-10-06', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Mondatok',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_magyar_3.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
  8,
   1,
   '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-06','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-13','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Wiederholung',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_nemet_1.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   8,
   2,
   '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-07', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-14', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Wiederholung 2',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_nemet_2.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
  8,
  3,
  '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-06','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-13','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Wiederholung 3',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_nemet_3.pdf'
```

```
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   8,
   4,
   '8/B',
   TO_DATE('2016-09-06', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   TO_DATE('2016-09-13','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Wiederholung 4',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_nemet_4.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Geography',
   8,
   '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-12','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-19','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Egyenletek ismétlése',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_matek_1.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Geography',
  8,
  2,
   '8/B',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-12','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-19','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Szöveges feladatok',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_8_b_matek_2.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Reading',
  1,
   1,
   '1/A'.
  TO_DATE('2016-09-12','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-19', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Gyakorlás',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_olvasas_1.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Reading',
   1,
  2,
  '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-13','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-20','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Gyakorlás 2',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_olvasas_2.pdf'
```

```
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Reading',
   1,
  3,
   '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-20', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-27','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Gyakorlás 3',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_olvasas_3.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'Geography',
   1,
   '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-12','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-19','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Gyakorlás',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_kornyezet_1.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   1,
   1,
   '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-17', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Der',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_nemet_1.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   1,
   2,
   '1/A'.
  TO DATE('2016-09-10', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-17', 'YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_nemet_2.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   1,
  3,
  '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-17','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_nemet_3.pdf'
 );
```

```
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   1,
   '1/A',
   TO\_DATE('2016-09-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   TO_DATE('2016-09-17','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Wiederholung',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_nemet_4.pdf'
INSERT INTO homework VALUES
   'German',
   1,
   '1/A',
  TO_DATE('2016-09-10','YYYY-MM-DD'),
  TO_DATE('2016-09-17','YYYY-MM-DD'),
   'Wiederholung',
   'A feladatok itt vannak: http://hunyadidh.hu/hf_1_a_nemet_5.pdf'
```

24. Figure: Insert statements

## **Digital Attachments**

The SQL statements are also attached in .sql files to the project, with this files you are able to create my sample database.

## The attached files:

- GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_SQL.ZIP
  - GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_FULL.SQL
  - GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_DROP.SQL
  - GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_CREATE.SQL
  - GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_INSERT.SQL
  - GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_SELECT.SQL
  - GABOR\_CSABA\_ATTILA\_TRIGGER.SQL

To the project show, I made a Prezi, what you can watch here: <a href="https://goo.gl/Pi75X0">https://goo.gl/Pi75X0</a>.

